Public Affairs 56:824:709:01 Quantitative Methods II Spring 2015, Mondays, BSB-134

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Overview. This is a course on empirical methods that are useful in the investigation of hypotheses in the social sciences and the analysis of public policies and programs. The course is a detailed examination of the bivariate and multiple regression models estimated using Ordinary Least Squares (OLS), with an emphasis on constructing regression models to test social and economic hypothesis. Several special topics in regression analysis are addressed as well, including violations of OLS assumptions, the use of dummy variables, fixed effects models, and the analysis of program effects using experimental and quasi-experimental data. Throughout, examples are drawn from the research literature in several fields so students can see the models and methods in action.

Prerequisite. It is *necessary* to be familiar with descriptive and inferential statistics and basic concepts of probability at the level covered in Quantitative Methods I. You do not need to have any previous exposure to regression analysis. A good review is contained in Chapters 2-3 of the Stock and Watson textbook or Appendix A of Gujarati and Porter. *A solid foundation in basic math and algebra is essential, but you do not need to know calculus or matrix algebra.*

Textbooks. James H. Stock and Mark W. Watson, *Introduction to Econometrics*, 3rd Ed. Previous editions are acceptable, but you are responsible to identify the corresponding chapters and pages that correspond to the listed readings. Gujarati and Porter, *Basic Econometrics*, and Wooldridge, *Introductory Econometrics*, are acceptable alternatives and/or supplements to the Stock and Watson text. Readings in the Gujarati and Wooldridge texts are listed in the syllabus as "optional/alternative". All texts are on reserve in the library.

Course Web Site. The course web site on Sakai serves several purposes. Mainly, it is a place to download readings (other than the textbook), lecture notes, assignments, practice questions, etc. Second, there is a discussion board where you can post questions and/or comments. Third, you can use it to send email to some or all of the other students in the class, arrange study groups, etc.

Requirements. There are three types of required assignments:

1) <u>Problem Sets</u>. There will be a *short* problem set due nearly every week. While this sounds burdensome, the best way to make sure you understand the week's material is to work problems.

You should try to work the problems as soon as possible after the class in which the material was discussed. We will often discuss the exercises in class the day they are handed in. For this reason, *late assignments can not be accepted*. However, the lowest two problem set scores will be dropped, so you can miss a few with no grading consequences.

If you are going to miss class for any reason, you still need to submit your assignment via Sakai **by 6:00 pm on the day it is due**. If you have an actual documented emergency, you can be excused for a problem set for grading purposes, but you are still responsible for the material covered.

Students are encouraged to form study groups and to collaborate on the problem sets, particularly the estimation of models on the computer. However, *each and every student should write up his or her own answer* to ensure they have fully internalized the group discussions.

2) <u>Tests</u>. There will be a midterm and a comprehensive final. Both are open note, open book. You will be able to use a scientific calculator, but you will not be permitted to access the internet.

3) <u>Empirical Paper</u>. A short (5-10 page) empirical paper will be due on the last class day. The data for the paper and the specific questions you should address will be provided in advance. In the paper, you will do a short literature review, describe the data, estimate a regression model, and interpret the results. You should not collaborate with other students on this assignment.

Grading. Grades will be determined as follows:

Problem Sets	40 percent	(Note: lowest 2 scores dropped.)
Midterm	20 percent	
Empirical Paper	10 percent	
Final Exam	30 percent	

Given the cumulative nature of the material and the grading structure, the best way to do well in this course is to work steadily throughout the semester. After rounding the course average to the nearest integer, letter grades will be assigned on the following basis:

90-100	А
85-89	B+
80-84	В
75-79	C+
70-74	С
0-69	F

Attendance. Attendance is entirely optional. Having said that, the material covered in the lectures is essential to passing the course. *You are responsible for all material covered in the lectures whether or not it is in the textbook, readings, and slides.* You are also responsible for all announcements made in class, whether or not you attend. Thus, the best policy is to attend every class. *If you have to miss a class, due to illness or other unavoidable conflict, be sure to get the class materials distributed via Sakai and try to borrow a fellow student's notes.*

Disability. Any student in need of classroom accommodations due to disabilities should contact the Coordinator of Disability Services, Timothy S. Pure, as soon as possible. He may be reached at (856) 225-6442, Fax: (856)225-6443, tpure@camden.rutgers.edu, or at the Rutgers-Camden Learning Center, Armitage Hall, Room 231. No accommodations can be made without the explicit approval of the Office of Disability Services.

Academic Integrity Notice. There can be absolutely no collaboration on examinations. This includes communication of any kind, sharing of books or notes, or sharing of calculators. Similarly, students must scrupulously avoid plagiarism on the final paper. The penalty I request in cases of academic dishonesty is a grade of zero (0) for the examination or assignment in question, although the final penalty is determined by the responsible university official. A grade of zero on an exam could easily lead to failing the course. In addition, the incident is reported to the Dean of Students for disposition and becomes a part of the student's record.

Computing. The official software for the course is Stata, Version 14. Stata is freely available for student use via the linux server: <u>http://apps.rutgers.edu</u> in the "education" folder. It is also available in the Robeson Library computer lab. However, if you wish to purchase a copy for your own computer, you may purchase the software at an educational discount through the "Grad Plan." The cheapest alternative is a six month license for "Small Stata" for \$38, but this version is limited to 1200 observations and 99 variables. A perpetual license for Stata/IC (\$198) is a better choice if you intend to do empirical work beyond this course. See http://www.stata.com/order/new/edu/gradplans/student-pricing/ for more details.

Schedule and Readings. The schedule and readings are posted on the course website in Sakai. The tentative schedule is shown below, *but always consult the online version for updates*.

Note the following dates:	
Midterm	March 21
Final	May 8

Early or late examinations cannot be given except in extreme circumstances, so plan your schedule accordingly!

Laptop Computers. Laptop computers may be used in class, but only for class purposes. Class purposes include taking notes, working with Stata, and viewing lecture notes or research articles as they are discussed in class. You may not use laptop computers to text, IM, surf the web, answer emails, do assignments for other classes, or any other purpose. Such use interferes with your own learning and distracts fellow students. Students who violate these rules will be prohibited from further laptop use.

824:709 Quantitative Methods 2: Preliminary Schedule			
Subject to revision!			
Consult the live version on Sakai for the latest schedule!			
		* = optional/alternative	
Class/Date	Due	Major Topics	
		Assigned Readings	
1. Jan. 25		What is Regression?	
		Stock and Watson, Chapter 1	
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapter 1	
		* Wooldridge, Chapter 1	
		Review of Probability and Statistics	
		Stock and Watson, Chapters 2-3	
		* Gujarati and Porter, Appendix A	
		* Wooldridge, Appendices B-C	
2. Feb. 1	Problem	Bivariate Regression: Estimation	
	Set 1	Stock and Watson, Chapter 4	
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapters 2-3	
		* Wooldridge, Chapter 2	
3. Feb. 8	Problem	Bivariate Regression: Inference	
	Set 2	Stock and Watson, Chapter 5	
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapters 4-5	
4. Feb. 15	Problem	Multiple Regression: Estimation	
	Set 3	Stock and Watson, Chapter 6	
		Jargowsky, Omitted Variable Bias	
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapter 7	
		* Wooldridge, Chapter 3	
5. Feb. 22	Problem	Multiple Regression: Inference	
	Set 4	Stock and Watson, Chapter 7	
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapter 8	
		* Wooldridge, Chapters 4-5	
		Jargowsky, Using the F Statistic to Test Hypotheses	
6. Feb. 29	Problem	Multiple Regression: Functional Forms	
	Set 5	Stock and Watson, Chapter 8.1-8.2	
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapter 6 (esp. 6.4-6.8)	
		* Wooldridge, Chapter 6	
		Alan B. Krueger, "How Computers Have Changed the Wage	
		Structure: Evidence from Microdata, 1984-1989," Quarterly	
		Journal of Economics 108: 33-60.	

7 Mar 7	Droblam	Multiple Degregation, Dummy Variables and Interactions
7. Mar. 7	Problem	Stark and Wetcom Sections 9.2.9.5
	Set o	Stock and watson, Sections 8.5-8.5
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapter 9
		Devaney, Barbara, Linda Bileimer, and Jennifer Schore. 1992.
		"Medicaid Costs and Birth Outcomes: The Effect of Prenatal
		WIC Participation and the Use of Prenatal Care." Journal of
		Policy Analysis and Management 11:573-92.
Mar. 14		Spring Break – University Closed
Mar. 21		Midterm Exam
8. Mar. 28	Problem	Review of Midterm
	Set 7	Reading Journal Articles
		Jeanne Brooks-Gunn, Greg J. Duncan, Pamela Kato Klebanov and
		Naomi Sealand. 1993. "Do Neighborhoods Influence Child and
		Adolescent Development," American Journal of Sociology, 99:
		353-395.
		(Optional Topic) The OLS Model in Matrix Notation
		Jargowsky, "Matrix Notation and OLS"
		Stock and Watson, Section 18.1 and Appendix 18.1
		* Gujarati and Porter, Appendices B and C
		* Wooldridge, Appendix E
9. Apr. 4	Problem	Heteroskedasticity
-	Set 8	Gujarati, Chapter 11
		Autocorrelation
		Gujarati, Chapter 10
10. Apr. 11	Problem	Model Specification and Data Issues
_	Set 9	Stock and Watson, Chapter 9
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapter 13
11. Apr. 18	Problem	Panel Data Regression Models
-	Set 10	Stock and Watson, Chapter 10
		* Gujarati and Porter, Chapter 16
		* Wooldridge, Chapters 13,14
12. Apr. 25		Instrumental Variables
-		Stock and Watson, Chapter 12
		* Wooldridge, Chapter 15
		Jargowsky, Instrumental Variables

13. May 2	Short	Analyzing Program Effects: Experiments and Quasi-Experiments
	Paper	Stock and Watson, Chapter 13
		Roadmap to Further Regression Analysis Topics
		Time series analysis
		Binary Dependent Variables
		Categorical Dependent Variables
		Limited Dependent Variables
		Event History Analysis
		Multi-level and hierarchical models
May 9		Final Exam